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FRANK A. MUNSEY

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SUNDAY, JULY 8, 1906.

In Two Cities

Tammany celebrated Independence Day, but not in a satisfactory manner. The wigwag lacked numbers and enthusiasm, a majority of the statesmen who were billed to speak decided not to do so, and the press of the metropolis are practically a unit in declaring the gathering a frost.

Congressman Henry of Texas eulogized Mr. Bryan. The audience woke up and whooped. Mr. Henry did not know enough to stop, but proceeded to insist upon the nomination of Charles A. Towne for Vice President. There was a dead calm. The speaker did not take warning, even then, but proceeded to announce that Alton B. Parker would be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, and the mercury fell twenty degrees. It did not rise perceptibly while Congressman Sullivan was denouncing "the robber trusts" to a typical political trust, often accused of robbery and blackmail.

They did it better in Faneuil Hall. According to the Boston papers, Mayor Fitzgerald, as presiding officer, left some doubt in the minds of his hearers as to whether he wished to class Orator Cookley with or above Edward Everett, Charles Sumner, John F. Fitzgerald, and some other orators who have delivered the city's Fourth of July orations in the old Cradle, but that is not now a matter of supreme importance. It is well, however, to point out the manner in which Orator Cookley treated a group of great men and made it impossible for the audience to select one for applause and the others for silence or derision.

Harnessing Roosevelt, La Follette, Fitzgerald, and Moran into a light-running wagon of poetic fancy, he exhibited them tandem while an appreciative audience cheered until the glasses rattled in the Ancients' arms above. Was that applause for Roosevelt, La Follette, Fitzgerald, or Moran?

Who can tell? A state of delicious doubt prevails—a doubt in which Mayor Fitzgerald and District Attorney Moran can find more comfort, we should say, than "Charley" Towne will ever find in recalling the Tammany Fourth. They seem to order these things better in Boston.

The Peckaboo Crusade.

While the Woman's Christian Temperance Union and related organizations are named as the accusers, we suspect strongly that the real animus of this crusade against the peckaboo waist comes from men—mere, jealous men, who, being denied the diaphanous delights of polka-dot punctures in their summer clothes, would, with the traditional spirit of the dog in the manger, deny these comforts to other folks.

It would be a short-sighted and narrow policy to assail the peckaboo waist just because men can't wear it. There are esthetic reasons why it can never be recherche masculine apparel. The naked truth is that the collar-bones of masculinity don't look pretty through a mosquito bar. Neither do male shins present an alluring spectacle when viewed through the holes in openwork hose.

There are some things that man cannot do effectively. He can't wear high-heeled shoes and look like an ostrich any more than he can adopt the straight-front and look like a kangaroo. But if lovely woman wishes to make herself an epitome of a zoological collection, it is meet for man to mix? Not by a jugful, if he knows what's good for him.

The peckaboo waist is here to stay. The protests of people who don't happen to have plump shoulders or dimpled necks will be as sounding brass or a tinkling cymbal. The preachers of Dubuque are going to preach sermons against it but do they suspect that folks who see them, in frock coats and chokers, sweating through their oburgations, will be moved to give up a fashion that represents both the sanitary advantage of perfect ventilation and the esthetic attraction of a dignified ball gown? We think not.

Men are engaged in a great struggle for liberty. They want succor from the requirement that they must wear coats or be outlawed. They

have a good case, and one that deserves to win. But they will gain nothing by lopping off the privileges of more fortunate folk. They must have the sympathy and approval of their sisters before they can hope to make progress. Everything that squints toward sartorial emancipation should be encouraged. After a while the ladies will have all the emancipation they feel able to consume—note the report that a bathing-suit dinner party was the most correct function of the Newport season to date—and then they will let the man have a small slice. Meantime, persevere in patience.

The American Soldier.

The American soldier has the best build and bearing in the world. I thought Tommy Atkins was the best I have seen, so I am surprised at what I have heard here. While the American soldier is not so beefy as the Britisher, he is "smarter" and better set up.

The American is the best looking soldier in the world, superior to the fighting men of Germany, France, or England. The only improvement in the uniforms is to give him a better fit, giving full effect to his fine qualities.

Such is the testimony of Tailor Winter, brought to America by the War Department to smarten up the uniforms of our army. It is direct and reassuring—but it ought not to be in the least surprising.

The United States has had unusual opportunities these past ten years to compare its fighting men with those of the other powers. The best was that offered by the association of troops from all over the world for the rescue of the imprisoned diplomats in Pekin.

Side by side, the Yankee worked with the armies of England, Italy, Japan, Germany, France, and Russia. In contrast to the chest-lifted Englishmen, the dapper Japs, the nervous Latins, and the phlegmatic Germans, all of them stepping precisely, quickly, dynamically, save the Russians, who plodded, the Americans strode along easily, loosely, effectively, wasting no breath, taking no unnecessary steps, making no avoidable fuss. Newspaper correspondents from other capitals who saw the forces at Tientsin said the lesson was plain that for simple effectiveness no army could be organized in the world today which would promise so much as an army of modern Americans.

We had our taste of this same comparison, or part of it, when the Rochambeau monument was dedicated. With all deference to our close friends, the French, we of Washington turned from that parade a proud people. The standard of physical force, the sense of reserve strength, the capacity for long, practical endurance manifested by our troops that day in comparison with a command which marched 180 steps to the minute and pattered up the Avenue rather than walked, filled us with confidence.

This is the material with which Brigadier General Bell and his associates of the general staff are now at work. If they have their way, they will develop it into the best-trained as well as the best set-up army in the world. The plan is that, in time of war, it may absorb and train an equal force of volunteers. By such means we hope and confidently expect to hold our own among nations which spend a hundred times more to maintain armies of less potential strength.

Who can doubt that ours is the better course? But while we consider our advantage we must not lose sight of the lesson Mr. Winter emphasizes: that the unit of our strength is the enlisted man, and that in physical prowess, endurance, intelligence, and good looks he is today without a peer in all the world.

The worst count in the indictment against Mr. Taggart in connection with his alleged gambling record is that he touted Judge Parker as a winner, and as much as \$9 was lost on the tip by confiding folks.

Egypt has got right excited about being ruled by England. When Egypt and Philadelphia wake up, there's hope for most any community.

If Charles E. Hughes doesn't run for governor of New York, he might run over to Russia and pull off an investigation of frenzied financial administration.

LEAPS TOWARD FURNACE, TRIES DEATH BY FIRE

Daniel Cullege, a laborer at the plant of the National rolling mill in McKeesport, went suddenly insane and attempted to leap into one of the furnaces.

Several policemen had a lively struggle in getting the man to the lockup. One of the policemen was bitten in the hand in the fight.

IN A NAME.

(French briar has come from Scotland exclusively.—Daily Paper.)
"Things are seldom what they seem." Is a phrase you often hear.
French briar comes from Scotland (Thurms).
Other things are quite as queer.
German sausages from Spain,
Irish stew from Palestine.
Long the Nile, for mile on mile.
All Turkish flags are really French.
And Swiss cheese isn't Swiss at all;
The French pea grows in Arctic snows.
And Russian caviar is Bengali.
The Wiener schnitzel comes from Greece.
French-fried potatoes from Peru;
The Spanish omelette first appeared in the kitchen of Columbus.
One mile enlarged ad libitum.
The list of topsyturveness.
There's really nothing in a name.
And every year a little less. —Puck.

The Army

GENERAL CORBIN ATTENDS MEETING

Ranking Officers Arrive to Select Members of General Staff.

A number of high-ranking army officers were in town the latter part of the week, they having come to attend a meeting to select officers to fill vacancies on the General Staff. Prominent among them was Lieut. Gen. H. C. Corbin, who succeeded to that rank upon the retirement of Lieutenant General Bates, when Brig. Gen. Franklin J. Bell succeeded General Bates as Chief of Staff. General Corbin, who was relieved from duty in the Philippines last winter in view of his promotion to the highest rank in the army, is in command of the Northern Division, with headquarters at St. Louis. The lieutenant general arrived in the city Friday morning, accompanied by his military secretary, Lieut. Col. J. A. Penn. In connection with General Corbin's visit to Washington, it is understood that he will shortly be transferred to the command of the Atlantic Division, which office he will hold but a short while before his retirement this fall. The Atlantic Division is composed of the Department of the East, under the command of Major Gen. Fred D. Grant, and the Department of the Gulf, under the command of Brig. Gen. W. P. Duval.

The meeting of the officers was marked by the return to the city of Brigadier General Bell, Chief of Staff, who resumed his official duties at the War Department yesterday, after a month's absence. With Mrs. Bell he spent some time at his old home in Kentucky, after which he visited for a couple of weeks the General Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, of which he was superintendent when he was selected for his present office.

Among other members of the board present at Friday's meeting was Brig. Gen. Theodore J. Wint, commanding the Department of Missouri; Brig. Gen. T. H. Barry, president of the Army War College Board, and Brig. Gen. W. P. Duval, commanding the Department of the Gulf.

Last Fort Myer Hop.

The last hop of the season at Fort Myer was held Friday evening, closing a brilliant series of happy social events at Washington's army post during the winter and spring. The closing hop was in charge of Captain Cochran, while Capt. and Mrs. P. D. Lochridge received the guests.

Nelson A. Miles is at Newport for a few days, to deliver an address before the Rhode Island Society of Cincinnati. The former commanding general of the army has recently made an extensive tour through the West.

Leave of absence from August 28 to October 15 has been granted to Capt. Godfrey H. Macdonald, of the First Cavalry.

Major William C. Rafferty, of the Artillery Corps, has been detailed to visit a number of forts in the New England States to inspect unseemly public property.

Second Lieut. Thomas A. Jones, Artillery Corps, has been granted a leave of absence for twenty days, to take effect upon the completion of his examination for promotion.

Capt. Morrell M. Mills, Artillery Corps, has been selected by the President as professor in military science and tactics at the Virginia Military Institute. He will begin his duties August 20.

Major John Eleston Baxter, quartermaster, has been ordered to relieve Major Alfred M. Palmer, retired, of the duties of disbursing quartermaster at the headquarters of the Department of the Columbia, Portland, Ore.

Capt. Amos B. Shattuck has been ordered to report to Quartermaster Humphrey for duty in his office.

Maj. Reuben B. Turner, Eighth Infantry, in charge of construction work at Boise Barracks, will also assume the duties of superintending construction work at Fort Meade, S. D., where he will relieve Maj. George K. Hunter, of the Sixth Cavalry.

Capt. Malcolm Young, Artillery Corps, on duty at the Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va., has been granted a month's leave of absence.

Maj. Charles M. Gandy, in addition to his present duties as surgeon in the army, has been detailed as professor of military hygiene at the Military Academy.

Maj. B. W. Dunn, Ordnance Department, on duty at the Sandy Hook proving ground, has been ordered to go to Philadelphia for special duty pertaining to the construction of a powder factory.

First Lieut. James Carroll, assistant surgeon, has been designated by Secretary Taft to represent the Medical Department at a meeting of the British Medical Association, to be held at Toronto the latter part of August.

Because of the illness of Maj. John C. Gresham, who is now under treatment at the General Hospital, San Francisco, the duties of the office of inspector general will be succeeded by Maj. James B. Erwin, Ninth Cavalry, to which regiment Major Gresham will be assigned. Major Erwin will go to the Philippines for duty.

Capt. George N. Bomford, Twenty-second Infantry, has been detailed for general recruiting service at Spokane, during which time he will also serve as acting quartermaster.

First Lieut. William E. Faulkner, Twenty-eighth Infantry, is detailed for general recruiting service at San Antonio, Tex., during which time he will also serve as acting quartermaster.

Brig. Gen. Jesse M. Lee has been assigned to the command of the Department of the Visayas, with headquarters at Manila. Brig. Gen. Walter T. Dugan, recently promoted from colonel of the First Infantry, will be given command of the brigade camp established at Camp Stotsenberg, in Luzon.

Mrs. H. T. Allen, wife of Brigadier General Allen, of the Philippine Constabulary, has gone to Coburg, Canada, for the summer. Following General Allen's return to the Philippines several weeks ago, Mrs. Allen went to Olympia Springs, Ky., where she spent several weeks.

Commander and Mrs. Reginald F. Nicholson have gone to New City, where

they are visiting Commander and Mrs. Cleaves at the navy's torpedo station.

Admiral and Mrs. Dewey have gone to Richmond Springs to spend the summer months. The admiral will not likely return to his offices, as president of the general board, in the Mills building, before September 1. Mrs. Dewey is expected to remain at the Springs till well into the autumn.

Lieut. Col. Thomas C. Prince has been detailed to duty in the office of the quartermaster of the Marine Corps at headquarters.

Capt. N. H. Hall, M. C., has been detailed to duty at the Marine Barracks in New York Navy Yard.

Capt. Harold C. Snyder has been ordered to the Marine Barracks at the Washington Navy Yard for duty.

Captains Frederick E. Wise and Ernest M. West, of the Marine Corps, have been granted leaves of absence for one month.

Read Admiral Manney, retired, has given up his apartment at the Dewey Hotel and gone to New York to join Mrs. Manney and their son, and then go on to Nantucket to spend the summer. Admiral Manney, formerly chief of the Bureau of Equipment, who was asked by Secretary Bonaparte to continue on duty because of his business telegraph work it was impossible to finish by the time of his retirement, will pursue this work to a considerable extent while at the seashore. He is a delegate to the international conference on wireless telegraphy, which will be held in Europe next fall.

ARMY ORDERS.

The following orders to army officers were issued yesterday by General Bell, chief of staff:

Leaves of absence for six months are granted the following officers: Maj. Joseph A. East, First Cavalry; Capt. John E. Madden, Twenty-ninth Infantry; Capt. Julius N. Killian, commissary; First Lieut. Henry F. Richmond, First Cavalry; First Lieut. Henry H. Scott, Artillery Corps; Second Lieut. Hugh S. Johnson, First Cavalry.

First Lieut. John P. Hass, Sixth Cavalry, to Washington Barracks General Hospital for surgical treatment.

Lieut. Col. Frederick von Schrader, deputy quartermaster general, from St. Louis, Mo., to Lathrop or Kansas City, Mo., and to East St. Louis, Ill., pertaining to the inspection of animals to be delivered under contract for the army.

First Lieut. Edgar H. Yale, Artillery Corps, to Washington Barracks General Hospital for surgical treatment.

The following named officers having completed the duty for which they were ordered to Fort Niagara, N. Y., will return to their proper stations: Capt. Armand L. Lasseigne, Fourteenth Infantry; Capt. James W. Clinton, Twelfth Infantry; Capt. Miles K. Taubee, Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry; Second Lieut. Arthur L. Bump, Eighth Infantry; Second Lieut. Irving M. Madison, Twelfth Infantry.

Dental Surgeon Douglas E. Foster, United States Army, now at Oklahoma City, Okla., to San Francisco, Cal., to sail about July 25 for Manila for assignment to duty.

By direction of the President, and upon the application of First Sergeant James Ryan, Eighth-ninth Company, Coast Artillery, that soldier, upon the receipt of this order at the post at which he is then serving, will be placed upon the retired list created by act of Congress approved February 14, 1885, as amended by the act approved September 30, 1890.

The following named enlisted men, at the School of Submarine Defense, Fort Totten, N. Y., will be sent to the stations designated: Corporal Clarence L. Hillman, Sixty-fifth Company, Coast Artillery, to the Presidio of San Francisco, Cal.

Corporal Earl L. Baker, Company C, Th Infantry, to Fort Assiniboine, Mon. Maj. George E. Field, quartermaster, detailed for temporary duty in connection with camp of instruction to be established at Mt. Gretna, Pa., and will report by letter to the commanding general, Atlantic division, for instructions and necessary orders.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Corps of Engineers are ordered:

Col. Ernest H. Ruffner to New Orleans and relieve Lieut. Col. Clinton B. Sears as division engineer of the Gulf division.

Lieutenant Colonel Sears to St. Louis, establish the office of the president of the Mississippi River Commission at that place, and relieve Major Thomas L. Case, of the river and harbor works.

Capt. William D. Connor, in addition to his present duties, will relieve Major Graham D. Fitch of the duties in his charge temporarily.

Major Fitch to Duluth, Minn., and relieve Major Charles L. Potter.

Lieut. Col. William T. Russell to Cincinnati, and relieve Major James G. Warren, of the river and harbor works.

Capt. Gustave R. Lukesh is relieved from duty under the immediate orders of Major Edward Burr, to St. Louis, and relieve Capt. William B. Ladue, as secretary and disbursing officer of the Mississippi River Commission.

Capt. Ladue, to Fort Mason, Cal., and report in person to the commanding officer of that post for assignment to the command of Company C, First Battalion of Engineers.

By direction of the President, Major Charles L. Potter, Corps of Engineers, upon being relieved from his present duties will proceed to Tompkinsville, Staten Island, New York, take station at that place and report by letter, in addition, to the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor, for duty as engineer of the Third lighthouse district, to relieve Lieut. Col. William T. Russell, Corps of Engineers.

By direction of the President, and under the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 11, 1878, as amended by the act of Congress approved August 7, 1894, Capt. William Kelly, Corps of Engineers, will proceed to Washington, and report in person to the Engineer in Chief of the District of Columbia, for duty as an assistant.

Captain Kelly is relieved from duty with the First Battalion of Engineers, to enable him to comply with this order.

Capt. Kenneth Morton, Ordnance Department, in addition to his other duties, is detailed as chief Ordnance officer at American Lake, Washington, and will report by letter to the commanding general, Pacific division, for instructions.

Capt. John W. Joyce, Ordnance Department, in addition to his other duties, is detailed as chief Ordnance officer of the camp of instruction to be established at Chickamauga Park, Georgia, and will report by letter to the

SAN JUAN BATTLE AT LUNA PARK

Veterans to Celebrate Santiago Day With Special Program July 17.

July 17, which is known as Santiago Day, in commemoration of the American victory on that day in 1898, will be appropriately celebrated this year with a special program at Luna Park.

Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson will probably be the speaker of the day, and instead of the usual ball game the park management will give a miniature battle of San Juan with fireworks, in which living soldiers will take part.

The committee on arrangements, composed entirely of veterans of 1898, is as follows:

G. Leyburn Shorey, past commander, Department of the District of Columbia, S. W. V. chairman; J. C. Jirikowicz, Joseph Ruppel, J. C. McConnell, J. L. King, C. Oliver Sears, and John Lewis Smith.

Beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning and lasting until 1 o'clock in the afternoon there will be athletic sports. The events, which are open to all amateur and Spanish War Veterans, consist of 100-yard dash, 220-yard dash, quarter-mile run, high jump, shotput, barrel jump, and relay race. Gold, silver, and bronze medals will be awarded as prizes. Besides the events mentioned there will be several others, in which the entries will be limited to veterans only.

Officials for the athletic games will be Dr. Joseph A. Reddy, chairman of committee on sports; Dr. William Grant, of Baltimore, referee; J. M. Thatcher and Capt. Sheridan Ferris, field judges; Dr. S. L. Owens, Emory Wilson and Bernard J. Webers, judges at finish; James O'Shea, clerk of course, and Capt. C. E. Edwards, time.

Courts and Lawyers

Chief Justice Claiborne, of the District Supreme Court, left the city Tuesday for his country home, in Towneview, Md., where he will spend the greater part of his vacation. Before returning to Washington for the opening of the fall term of court the Chief Justice will spend some weeks at Eastern seaside pleasure resorts.

Frank E. Cunningham, one of the assistant clerks of the District Supreme Court, who is spending his vacation on his farm in Carroll county, Md., has been heard from. The "farmer" says he is having a great time tending his and that crops look good to him this year.

Assistant District Attorney Charles H. Turner will be off to his boyhood home on his father's farm in New Hampshire next week. Mr. Turner took an active hand in the harvesting on the farm last year and he says he enjoyed it so much he intends to take another shy at harvesting the crop this year.

Wilmer J. Latimer, clerk of Equity Court, No. 2, and S. McComas Hawken, clerk of Criminal Court No. 1, are on a month's leave of absence. The former is spending his vacation with his family at New Haven, Conn., and the latter is enjoying the breezes at Cape May.

District Attorney Baker will not take any vacation until after the conclusion of the investigation of the trust by the grand jury. He will spend his vacation at his country home near Gaithersburg, Md.

commanding general, Atlantic division, for instructions.

By direction of the President, Lieut. Col. Herbert E. Tuthery, Ninth Cavalry, upon his own application, after more than thirty-eight years' service, is retired from active service, to take effect October 1, 1906, under the provisions of section 124, Revised Statutes.

Major William H. Allaire, Twenty-third Infantry, recruiting officer at Philadelphia, to Germantown, Pa., for the purpose of procuring certain evidence necessary to complete the trial of an enlisted man now before a general court-martial at Fort Jay, N. Y.

Contract Surgeon William H. Myers, U. S. A., now at Lynn Grove, Ky., to Washington Barracks, for duty.

Leave of absence for two months is granted Contract Surgeon Ralph W. Newton, U. S. A.

The leave of absence granted First Lieut. George H. Scott, assistant surgeon, in special orders, No. 86, June 28, 1906, Pacific division, extended one month.

Capt. Michael J. Lenihan and Joseph D. Lelich, Twenty-fifth Infantry, will proceed to San Antonio, Tex., and report in person, not later than July 10, 1906, to the commanding general, Department of Texas, for duty in connection with the preparation for encampment and organization of the command at the camp of instruction, to be established at the State maneuver camp, near Austin, Tex.

Registered at War Department.

The following army officers registered at the War Department during the week:

Lieut. H. W. Chase, Artillery Corps, en route to Fort Howard, Maryland.

Lieut. W. N. McConvan, Twenty-third Infantry, Dewey Hotel.

Capt. E. S. Wright, First Cavalry, on leave, en route to Louisville, Ky.

Lieut. J. C. Bates, retired.

Major F. H. Schoeffel, retired, Army and Navy Club.

Lieut. G. A. McElroy, Thirteenth Infantry, 42 T street northwest, on leave.

Major Gen. F. D. Grant, Arlington Hotel, returning to station at Governor's Island.

Capt. A. J. Bowley, Artillery Corps, Second Lieut. H. W. Torney, 1330 Twenty-first street, on graduation leave.

Major Henry H. Wright, retired, on leave, 1210 Vermont street.

First Lieut. Richard M. Thomas, Fifth Cavalry, Ebbitt House, en route to join station, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vermont.

First Lieut. J. H. Griffiths, Twenty-seventh Infantry, 627 Florida avenue, on leave.

Capt. G. T. J. Wint, under orders.

Brig. Gen. T. P. Duval, Department of the Gulf, at Army and Navy Club, under orders.

Lieut. Gen. H. C. Corbin, North division, New Willard, under orders.

Lieut. Col. J. A. Penn, military secretary to General Corbin, under orders.

First Lieut. Gordon Johnston, Signal Corps, hospital, Washington Barracks.

CAPTAIN'S SHARE IN BIG PUNCH BOWL

Extra Two Gallons Intended for Cruiser Pennsylvania's Commander.

The armored cruiser Pennsylvania, which is to be taken early in the fall, has the distinction of having the largest punch bowl in Uncle Sam's navy. It is a part of the silver service, the finest in the navy, which was presented to the ship while ago by the good people of Pennsylvania, who paid \$25,000 for the service.

The punch bowl is the marvel of all visitors to the ship. It stands in the cabin and holds thirty-two gallons. Just how it came to hold that particular number of gallons, Captain McLean, of the cruiser, explained to the group of naval officers while in Washington recently.

"You see," said Captain McLean, "I was rather anxious myself as to why they hit on thirty-two gallons, so when the presentation committee came aboard, I asked the lieutenant governor of Pennsylvania about it. 'Well,' he said, 'we had about made up our minds to have it hold thirty gallons of punch, when some one spoke up and moved that we have thirty-two gallons for the old man. It was carried unanimously.'"

"And that was before any of them had seen the 'old man,'" said Captain McLean, modestly.

Navy Personals.

The magnificent new battleship Georgia, which is nearing completion, will fall to the command, when commissioned, of Capt. R. G. Davenport, who has been detached from duty at the Washington Navy Yard for that purpose.

Rear Admiral Robert M. Berry, formerly in command of the naval station at Pensacola, Fla., succeeded Rear Admiral P. F. Harrington as commandant of the Norfolk navy yard Friday. Admiral Harrington was placed on the retired list June 8, but at the special request of the Secretary of the Navy he remained on duty till suitable arrangements for his relief could be made. Admiral Berry was promoted from captain in view of his being given the more important command.

Edward Dickinson, son of Dr. Dwight Dickinson, medical director in the navy, has gone to Lake Chautauqua for the summer, while his brother, Clarence Dickinson, will spend some time in Boston.

Mrs. Walter Turpin, wife of Lieutenant Turpin, has gone to join her parents, Capt. and Mrs. Richard Wainwright, at their summer home near Jamestown, R. I.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. John H. Upshur will go the latter part of the month to spend a week with Mrs. David King, at her home in Newport, after which they will go to Narragansett for the remainder of the summer.

Capt. J. A. Norris, who retired from active service in the navy last week, closing a career of forty years in the service of his country, is known as a longtime expert. He has been engaged for several years in making corrections, and is said by those who have watched his work to know more about this particular subject than any other man in the world. Navy Department officials realize that it will be difficult to find a valuable man in this line as Captain Norris.

Rear Admiral Cowles, chief of the Bureau of Equipment, has gone to Farmington, Conn., on a short visit to his family.

Commander John G. Quimby, who was formerly executive officer of the receiving ship Franklin, at the Norfolk navy yard, shortly will be placed in command of the protected cruiser Galveston, which only recently was sent to the Asiatic station. Commander Quimby was detached from the Franklin several weeks ago and ordered to the Norfolk navy yard for court-martial duty. Later, orders assigning him to the Galveston were issued from the Navy Department, and last week the officer started on his trip to the Philippines to report to the admiral in command of the Asiatic station. The present commander of the Galveston is Commander William G. Cutler.

Lieut. W. S. Miller has been placed in command of the torpedo boat De Long, which has been ordered detached from the reserve torpedo flotilla at the Norfolk navy yard, and assigned to duty with the Third flotilla.

Kenneth G. Castleman, son of Gen. John B. Castleman, of Kentucky, is coming back to the navy. Young Castleman, who achieved the rank of lieutenant in the navy and resigned a year or so ago to engage